# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



### EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Computer measurement systems [S1EiT1>KSP]

Course			
Field of study Electronics and Telecommunications		Year/Semester 3/6	
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study general acader	
Level of study first-cycle		Course offered polish	in
Form of study full-time		Requirements elective	
Number of hours			
Lecture 30	Laboratory class 30	ses	Other (e.g. online) 0
Tutorials 0	Projects/semina 0	rs	
Number of credit points 5,00			
Coordinators		Lecturers	
prof. dr hab. inż. Waldemar Naw waldemar.nawrocki@put.pozna			

### **Prerequisites**

1. Students have a knowledge of mathematical analysis, algebra and theory of probability. 2. He has a basic, systematic knowledge of physics. 3. He has a detailed, systematic knowledge of the fundamentals of circuit theory, together with necessary mathematical background; this knowledge allows him/her to understand, analyze and evaluate the operation of electrical circuits. (K1\_W05)

## **Course objective**

To present of the basic definitions and concepts of metrology, measurement methods and measurement equipment. To introduce students to the analysis and presentation of data and the determination of errors and measurement uncertainty. Practical carrying out laboratory experiments involving the preparation and execution of measurements.

## Course-related learning outcomes

#### Knowledge:

1. Student has a systematic knowledge, together with necessary mathematical background, of the fundamentals of metrology, which is necessary to measure the signal properties and the parameters of electronic and telecommunication systems components. Has knowledge of measurement methods,

measurement equipment.

2. He has knowledge of devices and systems exploitation.

Skills:

1. Student is able to extract information from Polish or English language literature, databases and other sources. Is able to synthesize gathered information, draw conclusions, and justify opinions.

2. He is able to prepare a well-documented study, in English or in Polish, on problems related to electronics and telecommunication.

3. He is capable of studying autonomously.

4. He is able to measure typical parameters of signals, systems and devices, in particular those used in telecommunication. Is able to choose appropriate methods to measure given electrical quantities and parameters of signals and devices. Is able to plan and perform measurements and analyze the results.

Social competences:

1. Demonstrates responsibility and professionalism in solving technical problems.

Demonstrates responsibility for designed electronic and telecommunication systems. Is aware of the hazards they pose for individuals and communities if they are improperly designed or produced.
Student is aware of the main challenges facing electronics and telecommunication in the 21st century.

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows: written exam, evaluation of student preparation for experiments, acceptance of students reports

## Programme content

• Structure of measurement systems.

- Accuracy and dynamis of measurements. The New SI S2018 Systemn od Units.
- Functions of interfaces in measurement systems
- Serial interfaces: RS-232 and others (RS-530, RS-485).
- Interfaces for smart sensors.
- Parallel iterfaces: IEEE-488, IEC-625, GPIB, HPIB. Measurement systems using IEEE-488
- Other parallel interfaces: VXI i PXI
- Measurement systems using LAN
- Measurement systems using GSM/LTE for data transmition.
- Wireless data transmition for shoty distance in measurement systems: Bluetooth, ZigBee.
- Data acquisition boards. Virtual instruments.
- Conditioners
- · Sensors and circuits for temperature, strain and pressure
- Positioning systems (GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou, Galileo) and their measurement applications.

## **Teaching methods**

lectures, laboratory experiments, consultations, individual study

### Bibliography

Basic

1.Komputerowe systemy pomiarowe, Nawrocki W., Wyd. Komunikacji i Łączności, Warszawa, 2006.

2.Komputerowe systemy pomiarowe. Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne, Praca zbiorowa, Wyd. PP, Poznań, 2007. 3.Technika pomiarowa, Tumański S., Wyd. Naukowo-Techniczne, Warszawa, 2007.

4.Measurement Systems and Sensors, Nawrocki W., Artech House, London-Boston, wyd. 2, 2015.

#### Additional

1. Introduction to Quantum Metrology, Nawrocki W., Springer, Heidelberg, wyd. 2, 2019.

2. Computer-Based Measurement Systems, Nawrocki W., skrypt w formie maszynopisu wydany przez PP

- w ramach programu "Inżynier przyszlości" finansowany przez Unie Europejska, Poznań, 2017.
- 3. Sensory i systemy pomiarowe, Nawrocki W., Wyd. PP, Poznań, 2006.
- 4. Rozproszone systemy pomiarowe, Nawrocki W., Wyd. Komunikacji i Łączności, Warszawa, 2006.

# Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	125	5,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	70	3,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	55	2,00